FLECKVIEH WORLD

The magazine for Fleckvieh/Simmental breeders

Semen Quality Management



BAYERN GENETIK

Perfect Match.



INDEX	
Editorial	3
Fleckvieh in Kentucky	4
Are hay and hay milk realy healthier?	6
Semen Quality Management	8
Bayern-Genetik Delegation in China	10
Exciting News: Bayern-Genetik International	11
Maxibulls: A strong Partner of Bayern-Genetik	12
World Fleckvieh Simmental Congress	14
Fleckvieh-Shows in Italy	16
News employees	17/18
Fleckvieh Bulls	19

Bayern-Genetik GmbH

www.bayern-genetik.com

Headquarters Grub

Senator-Gerauer-Straße 19 85586 Grub/Post Poing

Phone: +49 (0) 89-99 15 20-0 Fax: +49 (0) 89-99 15 20-66 eMail: grub@bayern-genetik.de

Headquarters Landshut

Altenbach 2 84036 Kumhausen

Phone: +49 (0) 871-953 10-0 Fax: +49 (0) 871-953 10-10 eMail: landshut@bayern-genetik.de



In July our Export Team met at the headquarters in Grub. We discussed the current de velopment of the markets and also had some time for a team event. Photo: BGT

Editor

Martin Zirnbauer-Heymann

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Heimert Elements Inh. Dennis Heimert e. K. Beverstraße 1a 37574 Einbeck

Phone: +49 (0) 5561-9336-0

The Fleckvieh-World is real!

The cattle photos published in the Fleckvieh-World are not retouched. Cattle that are photographed are only allowed to be shared, washed and treated with oil, powder and gloss spray.

Cover 2024/2025



Lies 256, a powerhouse

Marcel Harbers is straightforward about it. "Lies 256 is a strong thunder. She is not big but broad. Moreover, she does it very easily. She calves, starts up, and gives 45 to 50 liters a day. And she just keeps going. A remarkable cow."

Here are the numbers that make Lies 256 so special:

Pedigree: Lies 256, 50 % Fleckvieh, Sire: BFG Rurex

Production: in $8^{\rm th}$ lactation, 100,914 kg of milk with an average of 37.2 kg of milk per day with 4.38 % fat and 3.42 % protein. LW: 107.

Insemination: 1.75. Calving interval: 382 days

assification: Frame 91, Type 93, Udder 90, Legs 87, Overall 90, AV: 90.

Photo: Els Korsten



Dear Fleckvieh breeders, Dear customers and friends of Bayern-Genetik



The year 2024 flies by and is full of "Fleckvieh highlights". In the last issue I told you about winning cows at some German and especially Bavarian Fleckvieh shows at the beginning of 2024. In this issue you will find an article with the winning cows of our sires at some Italian shows. Enjoy the pictures of the cows!

Another highlight was the World Simmental Fleckvieh Congress in Canada at the end of July. The headline was "one breed - one world," Fleckvieh enthusiasts from all over the world came together. Canada is a great country with great people - see the article about this great event in this issue!

The great strength of Fleckvieh is certainly its ability to function in the most diverse conditions all over the world. It thrives on an organic farm in Kentucky - read the article about the Melvin Troyer family's Rainbow Dairy farm!

It is also successful in a hay feeding system. Interested? Then take a look at the article about hay milk and health on the Lentz family farm in Belgium.

Our sires are carefully selected only the best can be at our station! After they arrive at the station it is important for us to meet the highest quality standards in semen production. You can read more about this in the article Semen quality assessment during and after production! An upcoming highlight will be EUROTIER 2024 in Hannover. I hope to see you at this great event!

And one last highlight in these short words: we have launched a new Facebook page for our international partners and farmers: read about it in this issue and follow us on Facebook!

If you would like to keep up to date with the latest news, please visit our website for the latest information or to sign up for our newsletter.

Yours sincerely,

Rostin

MARTIN ZIRNBAUER-HEYMANN





in Guthrie, Kentucky

Rainbow Dairy, owned by the Melvin Troyer family is situated roughly an hour and half drive north of Nashville, Tennessee. It is also where they operate a feed mill (KOFFI) that provides organic feed for farms in Kentucky, Tennessee and neighboring states.

No doubt the family is very busy. Nathan, Melvin's son, oversees much of the dairy farm and the Troyers have been using Fleckvieh for well over ten years. Initially, we did a lot of the breeding work over the phone by description of the cows and working toward

the goals of the herd. The question at the time also was whether the herd may lose too much milk when breeding to purity and using









an organic system. Rainbow Dairy targets higher milk yields in winter months as they can do well with production in the climate and the premiums they receive with Organic Valley, their milk processor. After ten years of breeding and the cows being upwards of 87.5% Fleckvieh, the herd pushes mid to upper seventies pounds (approx. 35 kg) for milk with 4.1% - 4.4% fat and 3.4% protein. Somatic cell count also remains low and cows do well on rebreeding.

Unprecedented, during this higher beef price market, is also the income generated from organic beef. Much of the USA dairy industry advocates breeding lower quality cows to Angus. With dual purpose Fleckvieh, the increase in beef has already been manifested for years and buyers are looking for Fleckvieh as they know how well the animals will perform. Growth performance and carcass data consistently shows Fleckvieh outperform Dairy*Angus cross.

The Troyers along with many other neighboring organic and conventional dairies work together when possible. They share their knowledge by periodically getting together for field days. Farms within the area generate added income with custom work, organic pastured poultry, dog breeding, sweet potatoes and many other innova-

tive ideas. Grazing is a big part of dairy farming in the area and when we did a field day on March 16 the cows were beginning their time on pasture.

Many of the farms employ Bill Weekes aAa system and combine it with the classification of the bulls by Bayern Genetik as Robust, All-around and Sharp. This creates good balance in the cows' phenotype. For long time followers of Bayern Genetik, we have seen Enrico and Rurex do well on these herds. Currently, Meerhof, Hex Hex and Wolfsegg are producing some nice daughters.

DR. JOHN POPP





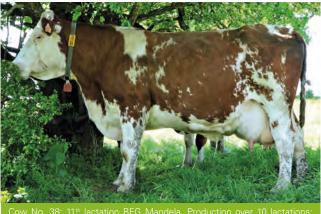
realy healthier?

The Lentz family farm is taking part in a study of the properties of its milk for use in cheese, quark and butter production. The results are remarkable.

The AWE study, called Diversilait, is being carried out in Wallonia and the German-speaking part of Belgium. The Lentz family has 135 Fleckvieh cows, which are organically raised and fed only fresh grass and hay plus an average of 2 kg of concentrates per cow per day throughout the year. Over the past 12 months, the cows have produced an average of 6.800 kg of milk per cow with 4.07 % fat and 3.52 % protein. In addition, the Diversilait study revealed very different figures. Rainer Lentz explains:

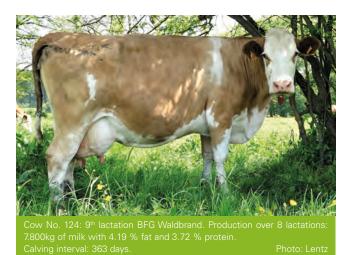
Longer lifespan: "Since 2017 we only feed fresh grass and hay. Since then, the average age of the herd has increased to 5.7 years, which is 1 year older than the Wallonian average. Fertility is good, with a calving interval of 377 days. The cows are also in better condition. We currently milk 78 cows that are in their 3rd lactation or older. They produce 27 liters per day and, with day and night grazing, receive no more than 2 kg of concentrate per day."

Milk properties: "The composition of milk is different. It contains twice as many healthy fatty acids. The milk also curdles much faster and has a lower cell count. This is partly due to the Fleckvieh breed, but also to the diet. Unfortunately, our dairy does not pay us extra for this healthy milk. Fortunately, we sell about 35 % of our milk directly to businesses such as bakeries, cheesemakers and yoghurt/custard makers. These companies value our milk. This is necessary because the extra cost of the hay drying plant is about 5 cents per liter."



Cow No. 38: 11th lactation BFG Mandela. Production over 10 lactations: 6.800kg of milk with 4.01 % fat and 3.65 % protein.

Calving interval: 378 days. Photo: Lentz



Mortellaro almost gone: "The most remarkable thing for me is that Mortellaro has disappeared by 95 %. Last winter we only had 2 cases. This is a known phenomenon on farms that feed only fresh grass and hay. Contrary to popular belief, Mortellaro is not just a hygiene problem, but is mainly related to the extra resistance of the cows. By feeding only fresh grass and hay, cows have a good and stable pH in the rumen, resulting in better overall health and longevity. Good quality hay is better than silage. With hay, there is less loss than with silage due to the short time on the field and the artificial drying process.

STEF BEUNK

Cow No. 71: 6th lactation BFG Helderberg. Production over 5 lactations: 7.400 kg of milk with 4.05 % fat and 3.46 % protein. Calving interval: 355 days. She is one of my favorite cows although she is currently very milk

No Mortellaro Thanks to Hay

Hay-milk is big business in the Alpine region. "Hay-fed cows have no problems with Mortellaro," reveals Bavarian dairy farmer Markus Fischer.

Fischer milks 90 Brown Swiss cows and has had a hay drying system since 2013. This means hay and fresh grass in the summer and 23 kg of hay, 3 kg of grass pellets and concentrates in the form of CCM in the winter.

"What stands out for us is that we no longer have any problems with Mortellaro, even though we have significant overcrowding in the barn. I believe this is because hay, unlike silage, is pH neutral. This results in healthier animals, higher feed intake and easier digestion. Fischer's cows produce an average of 8.700 kg of milk with 4.40 % fat and 3.88 % protein. "With low concentrate feed costs of 5 to 6 cents per kg of milk, which is low for an organic farm. Since we started feeding only fresh grass and hay, we have increased our milk production by about 10,000 kg per cow over their lifetime".



Cow No. 46: 8th lactation BFG El Pais. Production over 7 lactations: 7.600 kg of milk with 3.68 % fat and 3.43 % protein. Calving interval: 360 days. "A cow with an excellent type. She has already given us 4 Rijeka daughters who are doing great. I am using Rijeka again because they have a long lifespan and improve every year."



Semen quality assessment during and after production

Assisted reproduction techniques (ARTs) have been routinely used in farm animals for several decades. Artificial insemination, which was first used in the 1930s, offers an efficient way of introducing the genetics of the insemination bulls into the population on a large scale. Today, the main focus is on the rapid increase in breeding progress, however reducing the risk of spreading generally transmitted- diseases and other diseases also continues to play a role. The quality of the semen used is particularly important for successful insemination. For this reason, quality standards that an ejaculate must meet before use, were introduced early on.

A large number of factors influence the quality of the semen. In addition to the individual steps of semen collection and processing, such as semen collection frequency, semen collector, semen processing, diluent, equilibration time and the freezing process, physiological characteristics of the bull itself (breed, age, genetics and health) and environmental factors (husbandry, feeding, temperature and climate) affect semen quality. For example, the size of the bull's testicles can influence the sperm count of the ejaculate. Approximately 60 days before semen collection, temperature (e.g. heat stress) and humidity can lead to changes in sperm morphology. 30 or 10 days before semen collection, these factors influence the forward motility of the sperm. Good husbandry conditions and comprehensive health management of the insemination bulls therefore contribute to high semen quality.

First semen quality assessment during production

The first macroscopic and microscopic assessment of semen quality takes place during production. Here we routinely evaluate and record:

- Volume: bulls up to 2 years: 2 ml, bulls older than 2 years: 4 ml
- Appearance: Consistency creamy to milky; color ivory to white or yellow
- Morphology: < 20 % sperm abnormalities, maximum 5 % head and 10 % acrosome defects
- Sperm concentration (density): 600 Million sperm cells per milliliter
- Mass movement: undisturbed and at least 70 % progressively forward moving sperm cells (motility)
- Odor of the native ejaculate

In addition, attention is paid to the presence of foreign cells and cell agglutination. Determining the pH value (6.4-7.0) and osmolarity can also be helpful but is only carried out if necessary. Ejaculates showing abnormalities in one or more parameters are excluded from further production.

Determining the density of the ejaculate using photometry enables a quick quantity assessment of sperm per milliliter of ejaculate with subsequent dilution. Therefore, a reduction in the quality of

the ejaculate due to long standing times can be avoided through rapid processing. Many of the spermatological parameters determined further are based on an examination of the semen using a phase contrast microscope. On the one hand, the ability of the native sperm cells to form a wave-like or fish-swarm-like mass movement is checked here. In a second step, an initial morphological assessment is carried out and the movements of the individual cells are checked. This is then used to estimate the percentage of "progressively forward-moving" sperm, i.e. the proportion of male germ cells that move forward in a straight line or in large circular paths through active tail movements.

Official guidelines for semen quality in native and frozen semen after thawing are laid down and regularly updated by the Bundesverband Rind und Schwein (BRS) in BRS Recommendation 8.2 "Recommendations for breeding bulls used for artificial insemination and natural service" and BRS Recommendation 8.3 "Guaranteed quality of commercially available bull semen". The insemination stations are committed to fulfill and check the quality criteria listed here.

Assessment of semen morphology

In addition to the classic spermatological quality criteria, such as motility and viability, sperm morphology is of great importance for successful fertilization. The shape, size and structure of the sperm cell is strongly linked to its function, which includes acrosome reaction, capacitation and fertilization ability, and varies even within different breeds of cattle. Changes in morphology are therefore often reflected in reduced forward motility, fertilization rate and deteriorated non-return rate56 (NRR56). In addition to physiological and environmental effects, errors in the freezing process can also lead to severe morphological damage (e.g. acrosome defects and changes in tail shape) and render the semen unusable for insemination.

Bayern-Genetik routinely checks the morphology in the fresh semen of young bulls and, at regular intervals, of older bulls to ensure the consistent and best possible quality of the ejaculates and to identify abnormalities as early as possible.

Spermatological tests on frozen semen: motility, viability and concentration

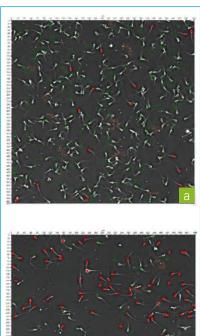
The fertilization capacity of an ejaculate cannot be determined by a single test, but only by a combination of different tests. To ensure the quality of frozen semen, Bayern-Genetik carries out a series of spermatological tests in its inhouse laboratory.

After freezing, the concentration, the progressive motility and the so-called viability of the semen in the straw are determined again.

Computer-assisted motility analysis (CASA)

Computer-assisted sperm analysis (CASA) enables a precise and objective motility analysis of ejaculates before and after freezing.

Due to the computer-assisted assessment of the samples and the associated objectivity, more precise statements can be made about the quality and potential fertilization capacity of the ejaculate. For this purpose, short video sequences of the sperm sample are recorded using a camera linked to the microscope and the progressive forward movement of the sperm is calculated. Frozen semen after thawing, which has less than 50 % forward-moving sperm and contains a total of less than 6 million forward-moving sperm, is sorted out and destroyed due to poor quality.



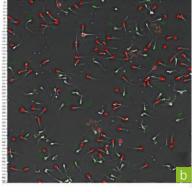


Figure 1: Determination of progressive forward mobility using CASA

a) Sample with good forward mobility b) Sample with poor forward mobility

Determination of viability and concentration

After freezing, each production batch is routinely subjected to a new concentration measurement to determine the exact sperm density. Furthermore, the viability of



Figure 2: Correlation between forward mobility and viability.



the semen is checked. The viability refers to the proportion of sperm with an intact plasma membrane (living sperm) in relation to the proportion of sperm with a defective plasma membrane (non-viable sperm). Although forward motility naturally correlates with sperm viability, not all motile sperm are viable. Numerous studies have shown that viability correlates strongly with fertilization ability, making this an important quality criterion for sperm quality.

Semen quality management at BAYERN GENETIK

In order to provide our customers with the highest level of quality, in 2010 Bayern-Genetik established state-of-the-art methods for checking the quality of the ejaculates produced and has constantly adapted them to the current state of the art over time. Semen produced before this period are also re-examined to ensure that all semen portions currently being distributed are of a consistently high

quality. In addition, Bayern-Genetik voluntarily participates in a quality management program in which we send samples of the produced semen monthly to an accredited laboratory for independent testing of the spermatological quality parameters. This external assessment of sperm quality provides additional security in maintaining our highest quality standards.

DR. SIMONE JUNG
DR. JAKOB SCHERZER

Bayern-Genetik Delegation in China

For the first time since the Corona outbreak in 2020, it was possible to travel to China last November. Bayern-Genetik and its predecessor organisations have been active in dual-purpose Fleckvieh for more than 25 years.

We are also part of a German-Chinese animal breeding project. As part of this project, a symposium was held in Beijing in November 2023. A delegation consisting of Peter Baumgärtel, Gengsheng Ying-Taubner, Martin Zirnbauer-Heymann, the managing director of the Mindelheim drying cooperative, Mr Martin Fischer, and the farm manager of the Hof Burgösch energy production and bull fattening farm, Herrmann Specht, travelled to Beijing. The potential of the dual-purpose Fleckvieh breed is increasingly being recognised worldwide. As Bayern-Genetik, we are at the heart of this issue, not just on the sidelines!





Exciting News:

Bayern Genetik International

We are thrilled to announce the launch of our brand-new publicity campaign for Bayern Genetik products on Facebook! Join us and connect with us under Bayern Genetik International.

We have a range of photos and messages lined up for publication, but we also want to hear from **you**! Share your photos and short texts regularly - about your organization, your customers and their experiences, your distributors, and everything Fleckvieh.

Make your organization proud and let your voice be heard. Receive feedback from all over the world about your work and achievements. Share your passion for Bayern Genetik's Fleckvieh. Give yourself the extra motivation you deserve.

Send your photos and texts to:

- E-mail: Arend@bayerngenetik.nl
- WhatsApp: Arend Zendman +31 6 13 30 10 75

Let's create something extraordinary together!

https://www.facebook.com/ profile.php?id=100090571793432







A strong Partner of Bayern-Genetik

Bayern-Genetik is an international company specializing in Fleckvieh breeding. Our mission is to promote the Fleckvieh breed globally, leveraging decades of experience working with farmers and organizations around the world. We offer top-tier genetics of the highest quality, aiming to provide the perfect match for each farmer. Our focus is not only on reproduction but also on improving animal quality, ultimately increasing farmers' profitability. Achieving this is only possible through a robust network of partners.

Our perfect match in Serbia is Maxibulls, d.o.o. Since 2015, we have partnered with them to deliver the highest quality semen directly to farmers in Serbia. Fleckvieh, known as Simmental in Southeast Europe, is the dominant breed in Serbia, accounting for about 70 % of the total cow population. While Vojvodina, an autonomous province in northern

Serbia, has traditionally been home to larger Holstein farms, recent challenges such as low milk prices and high production costs have led some farmers to begin crossbreeding with Fleckvieh, following trends in advanced dairy markets across Europe. In southern Serbia, smaller family farms have long relied on Fleckvieh as the only profitable option.

In recent years, Serbia's agricultural sector has seen significant advancements in livestock breeding techniques. The establishment of Maxibulls, d.o.o., the first private artificial insemination station and an extension of Bayern-Genetik, has played a crucial role in enhancing the quality of local livestock.







Maxibulls specializes in offering cattle breeders superior genetics through locally produced semen from top bulls like Moremi PP, Rijeka, Eisenhower, Zapatero, Montechristo, among others. Additionally, there is a broad selection of semen from leading bulls imported from Germany. The Maxibulls sales team maintains daily contact with their customers, ensuring satisfaction with the quality of animals, improved breeding efficiency, and ultimately, increased productivity.

By recruiting and investing in qualified and professional staff, particularly veterinarians, Maxibulls ensures the highest standards of support for its partners. This support includes advice, training, and communication with field colleagues to improve animal care and reproductive success.

We also remember our late colleague, Dr. Ivan Jeremic, who tragically passed away during the peak of the Covid-19 pandemic in 2021. Ivan, a key figure at Maxibulls from its inception, is fondly remembered by all who knew him, both professionally and personally.

Dr. Milovanovic, the resident veterinarian at Maxibulls, has taken over semen production following Ivan's passing. He is also responsible for maintaining the overall health and welfare of the animals. Regular health checks, necessary treatments, and preventive measures, as required by government legislation, are conducted on-site to ensure that the animals are in optimal condition for successful semen production and conservation.



Our team of experts acts as genetic consultants, guiding breeders in selecting appropriate sires and optimizing breeding strategies. They analyze genetic data, assess animal compatibility, and make recommendations to enhance desired traits in the offspring. Their expertise empowers breeders to make informed decisions and achieve their breeding goals.

We view our partnership with Maxibulls as a perfect match to contribute to the improvement and strengthening of the Fleckvieh breed in Serbia. Through this collaboration, we aim to provide the best possible support to local farmers, enabling them to continue achieving maximum profitability on their farms in the future.



DR. ANTONIO ORAK





World Fleckvieh Simmental Congress in Canada

From July 29th to August 5th the Canadian Simmental Association (CSA) hosted the 2024 World Simmental Fleckvieh Congress in Canada. Under the headline "One Breed, One World" Simmental/Fleckvieh breeders from around the globe gathered in Calgary and Olds, Central Alberta.

Day 1: Get together

On the first day we were part of the WSFF General Assembly (World Simmental Fleckvieh Federation) and heard a lecture about resilience of Simmental cattle by PhD student Franziska Keßler, University of Hohenheim. Fleckvieh shows positive trends compared to other breeds like Brown Swiss and Holstein

when it comes to dealing and recovering from challenging environmental issues.

The TOP of the evening was a very interesting presentation by Richard Pichler (AUT) and Georg Röhrmoser (GER) from the foundation of the Federation to today's Congress. Both of these members together with Josef Kučera (CZ) were ho-

nored. The evening was concluded with the presentation of the traditional "White Hats" Awards.

Day 2: Mader Ranches and AgSmart Expo

On Day Two we visited the seedstock farm Mader Ranches, Carstairs Alberta. Some interesting insight into the beef breeding methods





were explained and showed, e.g. the crossbreed with Angus (Simmangus), which are Purebreed Simmentals with max. 12,5 % Angus. In the afternoon we went to Olds, where the Olds College of Agriculture & Technology produced the educational expo AgSmart. It focused on data and technology across the agriculture industry with topics like sustainable land use, irrigation and cattle breeding.

Day 3: Banff & Kananaskis

Day three led us to the Rocky Mountains, where we enjoyed the breathtaking landscapes and beautiful town of Banff National Park.

Day 4: Tour of Anchor D Simmental and Clearwater Simmental

Day 5: Technical Sessions and World Simmental Sale

In the morning four interesting presentations took place at the Werklund Agriculture and Technology Centre, Olds College. Moderated by Chip Kemp (ASA, IGS), Dr. Paige Pratt (Neogen), Dr. Wade Shafer (IGS), Dr. Alycia Chrenek (Zoetis) and Dr. Kee Jim (Beef on Dairy) discussed topics like the Use of Genomics to Increase Profitability, global efforts on multi-breed beef cattle evaluation with Genomics, Sustainability: A Holistic Approach

in Agriculture and the future of Dairy-Beef in Cattle Production.

In the afternoon the Bohrson Marketing Services held a big event surrounding a World Simmental Sale. Prospective buyers could buy livestock like bulls, cows/calves and heifers but also Flushes of Embryos, a choice of progeny out of a herd or already inseminated embryos.

Day 6: YCSA National Show and CSA's Banquet

On Saturday the day started at the Young Canadian Simmental Association's National Show, where

young breeders and enthusiasts showcased their top animals in different categories.

In the evening the Friends of Canadian Simmental Foundation together with the CSA welcomed to a Banquet with Fundraiser Auction. The wonderful evening concluded with popular Country songs performed by George Canyon.

Day 7: Farewell

On Sunday it was time to say goodbye.

DR. MATTHIAS REGER





Polled father or not polled father -

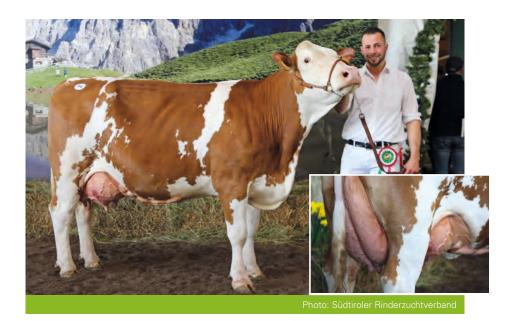
that is not the question at the search of the best udder Fleckvieh cows in Italy this year

Many Fleckvieh breeders in Italy not only focus on breeding values when selecting bulls, but also on conformation. The udder in particular must be perfect.

It is particularly pleasing that both at the regional show in Trentino at the beginning of April 2024 and at the regional show in Unterpustertal at St. Lorenzen at the beginning of May 2024, a cow with Bayern-Genetik sires was the winner. Both the hornless and the horned sire left nothing to be desired!

Show Trentino 07.04.2024:

Every two years the Fleckvieh breeders of Trentino meet to present a selection of their best Fleckvieh cows. The dedicated breeder families from the province bordering South Tyrol exhibited a total of 35 animals. The collection of exhibited animals was once again impressive. The overall winner, a



Votary daughter from Waldbrand, had the South Tyrolean judge Matthias Wenter in raptures. The third calf cow was presented by Virginio Gabrielli and his sons.

Show Unterpustertal-Gadertal 04.05.2024:

The Fleckvieh and Sprinzen Show in St. Lorenzen took place in Unterpustertal-Gadertal. Around 120 animals were exhibited in various categories. Middle age champion cow and udder champion Elfriede was an Etoscha daughter presented by Gatterer Elias.

One great show will follow up in Italy in November. We are looking forward to the Euregio Fleckviehshow in Bozen on 23.11.2024 – for sure we will see great cows there, too!



New employees



Mr. Matthias Reger joined Bayern-Genetik GmbH at the beginning of April 2023 as Sales Manager Cattle national/international.

Mr. Reger studied B. Sc. Agriculture at the Weihenstephan-Triesdorf University of Applied Sciences and M. Sc. Agricultural Engineering at the University of Hohenheim. He then completed his doctorate at the Technical University of Munich at the Chair of Agricultural Systems Engineering in the field of automated dairy cattle feeding, in cooperation with Weihenstephan-Triesdorf University of Applied Sciences and Mayer Maschinenbau GmbH (Siloking). During his academic career, he focused on animal production, agricultural engineering, and economics.

Most recently, Mr. Reger worked as a product manager and project

manager at Albert Kerbl GmbH. This gave him an insight into many parts of the company and ensured good cooperation between different people and teams.

We are delighted to welcome Mr. Reger to the Bayern-Genetik team and wish him lots of fun and success in his new role!

Matthias Reger

Phone.: + 4989991520-14 Mobile: + 49175-4383122 e-mail: matthias.reger @bayern-genetik.de



Originally from Barcelona, Spain, Nuria's journey at Bayern-Genetik began in 2017 in the veterinary and embryo transfer department. Nuria's passion for the fields of reproduction and embryology is evident in her academic pursuits. Alongside her role at Bayern-Genetik, she undertook a comprehensive doctorate, delving deep into embryo freezing techniques for biopsied embryos produced through in vivo and in vitro technologies.

Her experience spans across embryo production, superovulation protocols, semen production, and bull health management at our station. This multifaceted experience provides her with a well-rounded blend of skills. Coupled with her natural ability to understand people's motivations through active listening and trust-building makes her well-suited for her new role.

Nuria seamlessly transitioned into her new position as Export Manager. She is enthusiastic about overseeing export operations, engaging with clients across South and North America, as well as the EU. Nuria looks forward to collaborating with her esteemed colleagues, learning from their expertise, and contributing meaningfully to our collective success.

Join us in welcoming Nuria Gonzalez Rodriguez to her new role, and let's look forward to a promising future together!

Dr. Núria González Rodríguez

Mobile: +491706856490 e-mail: nuria.gonzales@ bayern-genetik.de



New employees



Since the beginning of March, Ms. Daria Kovalenko has been supporting the International Sales team as Export Manager.

Ms. Kovalenko has a bachelor's degree from a Russian agricultural university and successfully completed her international master's degree in agricultural management at the University of Applied Sciences in Weihenstephan-Triesdorf last year. During her studies, she was able to gain a lot of experience in the field of cattle production and was particularly interested in this area for her career entry. Her language skills in German, English and Russian make her an asset to the international team at Bayern-Genetik.

We are delighted to welcome Ms. Kovalenko to the Bayern-Genetik team and wish her lots of fun and success with her tasks!

Daria Kovalenko

Phone: +4989-991520-43 Mobile: +490160-1107097 e-mail: daria.kovalenko@ bayern-genetik.de



Mr Julian Fink joined the Bayern-Genetik team as deputy sales manager on 19.08.24. Born in Landshut, he studied agriculture at the University of Applied Sciences Weihenstephan-Triesdorf in Freising.

Following his studies, Mr Fink worked as After Sales Manager for Bou-Matic LLC in the regions of Southern Germany, Austria, Switzerland and Slovenia.

We are delighted to have Mr Fink's active support and wish him every success in his new role.

Julian Fink

Mobile: +490151-19516484

e-mail: julian.fink@

bayern-genetik.de



HB-Nr. 866045 | DE 09 54725619 | *26.03.2019 Breeder: Bernhart, Oberneukirchen aAa-Code 564132 | BC: **A2A2** | KC: AA | ET

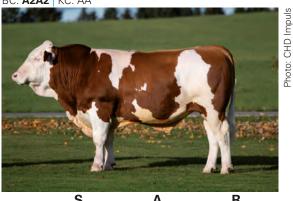


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				Nelli
Lilara	85-85-88-85	MAHAN	NGO Pp*	MUNGO Pp
DE 09 52	2237437		_	
3/3	8.616 4,25 3,59	Liral		HUMPERT
HL: 1	8.577 4,50 3,72	4/4	9.884 4,03 3,68	Lira

TMI	MI	BI	FIT
405.070	440.000/	440.000/	400.000
125 97%	118 99%	110 99%	106 96%

•ALLROUNDSIRE •SUITABLE FOR HEIFERS

HB-Nr. 606983 | CZ 80.355.035 | *29.12.2021 Breeder: Zichlicka Zemedelska A.S., 33011 Hromnice/CZ BC: **A2A2** | KC: AA



, 3	A	n ,
TYP:		
PEDIGREE		
HASHTAG	HAYABUSA	HERZSCHLAG
DE 09 54210676	Maxima	MANDRIN
		Miami
83932	HUTUBI	HUTERA
CZ 609.483.932		
	97932	PASSION

TMI	MI	ВІ	FIT
138 79%	129 87%	111 76%	113 83%

MILK						
	Dtrs.	HD kg	Milk kg +529	Butterfat % +0,12	Protein % +0,04	
1. L	92	8954	7.376	4,19	3,64	

BEEF					110 99%
Daily gain	110 99%	Dressing perc.	100 98%	Carcass grade	114 99%
FITNESS					106 96%
Productive life	107 89%	Persistency	98 99%	Fertility	96 92%
Udder health	110 98%	Cell count	111 99%	Milking speed	87 99%
Calving ease pat.	113 99%	Prod. increase	93 80%	Calf vitality	112 99%
Calving ease mat.	100 98%	Semen fertility	-2 %	BIO	120 97%
Milking hehaviour	100 89%	Hoof Health Value	93 92%		

TVDE TRAITO DALL	MITE	DO 007 (070/)	70	00	100	110	104	100
TYPE TRAITS DAUG	iHIE	KS: 397 (97%)	/6	88	100	112	124	136
Body	91							
Muscularity	117							
Feet & Legs	107							
Udder	113							
Cross Height	89	small						large
Body Length	93	short						long
Hip Width	95	narrow						wide
Body Depth	95	shallow						deep
Pelvic Angle	102	ascending						slope
Hock Angularity	99	straight						sickled
Hock Development	92	swollen						dry
Pastern	107	weak						strong
Hoof Height	104	low angles						steep angles
Fore Udder Length	105	short						long
Rear Udder Length	100	short						long
Att.of Fore Udder	112	loose						tight
Suspensory Ligament	94	weak						strong
Udder Height	105	deep						high
Teat Length	103	short						long
Teat Thickness	99	thin						thick
Teat placement (front)	99	wide			1			close
Teat placement (rear)	93	outwards						inwards
Teat direction (rear)	101	outwards						inwards
Udder Purity	99	add. teats						no add. teats

MILK					
	Dtrs.	HD kg	Milk kg	Butterfat %	Protein %
			+1005	±0.05	+0.01

	BEEF					111 76%
1	Daily gain	105 76%	Dressing perc.	111 77%	Carcass grade	108 75%
1	FITNESS					113 83%
	Productive life Udder health Calving ease pat. Calving ease mat. Milking behaviour	111 73% 108 84% 96 88% 105 77% 99 66%	Persistency Cell count Prod. increase Semen fertility Hoof Health Value	106 80% 109 80% 102 74% +1% 106 73%	Fertility Milking speed Calf vitality BIO	106 73% 112 86% 109 75% 132 84%

TYPE TRAITS DAUG	HTE	RS: 0 (84%)	76 8	8 10	00 11	12 12	24 13	36
Body	108							
Muscularity	111							
Feet & Legs	116							
Udder	113							
Cross Height	107	small						large
Body Length	105	short						long
Hip Width	107	narrow						wide
Body Depth	107	shallow						deep
Pelvic Angle	95	ascending						slope
Hock Angularity	92	straight						sickled
Hock Development	104	swollen						dry
Pastern	111	weak						strong
Hoof Height	108	low angles						steep angles
Fore Udder Length	103	short						long
Rear Udder Length	109	short						long
Att.of Fore Udder	105	loose						tight
Suspensory Ligament	112	weak						strong
Udder Height	103	deep						high
Teat Length	106	short						long
Teat Thickness	100	thin						thick
Teat placement (front)	96	wide						close
Teat placement (rear)	102	outwards						inwards
Teat direction (rear)	114	outwards						inwards
Udder Purity	102	add. teats						no add. teats

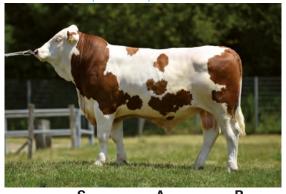






HB-Nr. 167777 | DE 09 54486471 | *08.06.2019 Breeder: Köppel, Feilitzsch

aAa-Code 564132 | BC: A2A2 | KC: AA



		S		Α		R
TYP:	\leftarrow					
PEDIGF	REE					LINE: Redad
IROKES	SE P*S		IROLA	A PS		ROTAX
DE 09 4	76332	54	Tabea			WYOMING
						Tanne
1005	88	-84-80-84	VOLL	GAS P*S		VALERO
DE 09 5	12719	25				
2/305	8.266	5,08 3,60	902			HUTERA
HL: 1.	8.266	5,08 3,60	5/4,9	10.623 4,53	3,75	788
TN 115		M 106		BI 111 99%		FIT 106 94%



MAHOMES P*S

HB-Nr. 174280 | DE 09 55785056 | *01.05.2021 Breeder: Gastinger, Hutthurm

•UDDER HEALTH •SUITABLE FOR HEIFERS

aAa-Code 462513 | BC: **A2A2** | KC: AB



	A 0.95		ALC: U.S.	原在2000年的	No to be	
	4	S		Α		R
TYP:						——
PEDIGR	REE					LINE: Metz
MERCE	DES P	p*	MINO)R		MINT
AT 42 2	587 86	8	Pigas	PP*		VOLLGAS P*S
						Pepo Pp *
408	80	-79-89-88	MAN	DRIN		MANDARIN
DE 09 5	33395	80				
3/305	9.830	4,90 3,66	308			WALDBRAND
HL: 2.	9.282	5,06 3,93	7/6	7.641 5,	54 3,73	153
TIV 132 8		M 122		BI 93 79)%	FIT 123 85%

•INTERESTING MOTHERLINE •SUITABLE FOR HEIFERS

MILK						
	Dtrs.	HD kg	Milk kg -469	Butterfat % +0,61	Protein % +0,17	
100 days	335	8.389	2.563	4,33	3,36	

BEEF					111 99%
Daily gain	105 99%	Dressing perc.	115 99%	Carcass grade	104 99%
FITNESS					106 94%
Productive life Udder health Calving ease pat. Calving ease mat. Milking behaviour	108 85% 119 97% 108 99% 106 98% 99 84%	Persistency Cell count Prod. increase Semen fertility Hoof Health Value	105 99% 120 98% 112 78% +2% 106 87%	Fertility Milking speed Calf vitality BIO	90 90% 94 98% 101 99% 115 96%

TYPE TRAITS DAU	GHTE	RS: 182 (92%)	76	8	B 1	00	112	124	136
Body	88								
Muscularity	96								
Feet & Legs	111								
Udder	94								
Cross Height	88	small							large
Body Length	91	short							long
Hip Width	86	narrow							wide
Body Depth	95	shallow							deep
Pelvic Angle	104	ascending							slope
Hock Angularity	107	straight							sickled
Hock Development	115	swollen							dry
Pastern	104	weak							strong
Hoof Height	99	low angles							steep angles
Fore Udder Length	92	short							long
Rear Udder Length	91	short							long
Att.of Fore Udder	91	loose							tight
Suspensory Ligament	96	weak							strong
Udder Height	102	deep							high
Teat Length	83	short							long
Teat Thickness	73	thin							thick
Teat placement (front)	91	wide							close
Teat placement (rear)	90	outwards							inwards
Teat direction (rear)	95	outwards							inwards
Udder Purity	100	add. teats							no add. teats

MILK					
	Dtrs.	HD kg	Milk kg	Butterfat % +0.00	Protein % +0.04

BEEF					93 79%
Daily gain	97 79%	Dressing perc.	99 80%	Carcass grade	89 78%
FITNESS					123 85%
Productive life Udder health Calving ease pat. Calving ease mat. Milking behaviour	126 75% 127 85% 108 99% 107 89% 100 68%	Persistency Cell count Prod. increase Semen fertility Hoof Health Value	104 81% 124 81% 111 79% +1% 104 76%	Fertility Milking speed Calf vitality BIO	103 76% 93 86% 106 96% 130 87%

TYPE TRAITS DAUG	GHTE	RS: (84%)	76	88	100	112	124	136
Body	101							
Muscularity	91							
Feet & Legs	106							
Udder	123							
Cross Height	105	small						large
Body Length	102	short						long
Hip Width	96	narrow						wide
Body Depth	95	shallow						deep
Pelvic Angle	93	ascending						slope
Hock Angularity	98	straight						sickled
Hock Development	110	swollen						dry
Pastern	97	weak						strong
Hoof Height	99	low angles						steep angles
Fore Udder Length	97	short						long
Rear Udder Length	109	short						long
Att.of Fore Udder	114	loose						tight
Suspensory Ligament	113	weak						strong
Udder Height	115	deep						high
Teat Length	97	short						long
Teat Thickness	95	thin						thick
Teat placement (front)	96	wide						close
Teat placement (rear)	107	outwards						inwards
Teat direction (rear)	118	outwards						inwards
Udder Purity	101	add. teats						no add. teats



MAJESTIX P*S

HB-Nr. 874306 | DE 09 54893149 | *22.09.2019 Breeder: Estelmann, Ingolstadt aAa-Code 561432 | BC: **A2A2** | KC: AA | ET



		S		Α	Sta of	R
TYP: ◀	\leftarrow					
PEDIGR	EE					LINE: Metz
MAJES	ГАЕТ	PP*	MAHA	ANGO Pp*	MUNGO	
DE 09 52	23968	99	Nicol		VOTARY	
						Natalie
Beatrix	81	-82-88-84	MAN	OLO Pp*		MANIGO
DE 09 52	21294	06				
1/1	8.384	4,11 3,60	Beaut	У		INCREDIBLE
HL: 1	8.384	4,11 3,60	6/6	10.292 4,1	7 3,61	Bona
TM	I	M	I	ВІ		FIT

•TOP EXTERIOR •SUITABLE FOR HEIFERS

133 95% **110** 99% **111** 99%



127 94%

HB-Nr. 177771 | DE 09 52929945 | *10.08.2017 Breeder: Penzkofer, Geiersthal aAa-Code 561423 | BC: A1A2 | KC: AA



	The state of		語字語	The second	
TYP: ◆		S		Α	R
PEDIGR	EE				LINE: Metz
MANOLO Pp*			MANI	GO	MANDELA
DE 09 48496774			Fanfe	Э	WAPULS
					Fanta
Sona	79	-84-84-87	MARN	MOR PS	MALHAXL
DE 09 4	766004	41			
7/6	8.626	3,89 3,43	Sabine	9	RUMGO
HL: 4	9.205	3,98 3,56	4/4	7.678 4,45 3	,32 Solei
TMI M		l	ВІ	FIT	
123 98% 106 9			99%	104 99%	120 97%
•T(OP EXT	ERIOR •	SUITA	BLE FOR HEIF	ERS

MILK					
	Dtrs.	HD kg	Milk kg +665	Butterfat % -0,09	Protein % -0,15
100 days	330	8946	2.897	3,92	3,23

100 dayo	000	2.007	0,02	0,20	
BEEF					111 99%
Daily gain	112 99%	Dressing perc.	108 98%	Carcass grade	106 99%
FITNESS					127 94%
Productive life Udder health Calving ease pat. Calving ease mat Milking behaviou	. 102 97%	Persistency Cell count Prod. increase Semen fertility Hoof Health Value	120 98% 119 97% 103 79% -1% 96 88%	Fertility Milking speed Calf vitality BIO	118 89% 89 98% 116 99% 138 96%

TYPE TRAITS DAUG	GHTE	RS: 228 (96%)	76	88	100	112	124	136
Body	107							
Muscularity	122							
Feet & Legs	113							
Udder	121							
Cross Height	108	small						large
Body Length	108	short						long
Hip Width	106	narrow						wide
Body Depth	100	shallow						deep
Pelvic Angle	112	ascending						slope
Hock Angularity	86	straight						sickled
Hock Development	92	swollen						dry
Pastern	118	weak						strong
Hoof Height	122	low angles						steep angles
Fore Udder Length	106	short						long
Rear Udder Length	97	short						long
Att.of Fore Udder	103	loose						tight
Suspensory Ligament	95	weak						strong
Udder Height	118	deep						high
Teat Length	89	short						long
Teat Thickness	85	thin						thick
Teat placement (front)	117	wide						close
Teat placement (rear)	102	outwards						inwards
Teat direction (rear)	102	outwards						inwards
Udder Purity	104	add teats						no add teats

MILK					
	Dtrs.	HD kg	Milk kg +370	Butterfat % -0,07	Protein % -0,06
1. L	1239	8140	7.078	4,17	3,45

BEEF					104 99%
Daily gain	91 99%	Dressing perc.	115 98%	Carcass grade	98 99%
FITNESS					120 97%
Productive life Udder health Calving ease pat. Calving ease mat. Milking behaviour	125 94% 113 98% 112 99% 103 99% 101 89%	Persistency Cell count Prod. increase Semen fertility Hoof Health Value	108 99% 113 99% 119 99% +1% 106 93%	Fertility Milking speed Calf vitality BIO	107 96% 90 99% 116 99% 129 98%

TYPE TRAITS DAUG	SHTE	RS: 290 (97%)	76 8	8 100	112	124	136
Body	89						
Muscularity	96						
Feet & Legs	124						
Udder	108						
Cross Height	88	small					large
Body Length	91	short					long
Hip Width	90	narrow					wide
Body Depth	90	shallow					deep
Pelvic Angle	104	ascending					slope
Hock Angularity	104	straight					sickled
Hock Development	115	swollen					dry
Pastern	113	weak					strong
Hoof Height	102	low angles					steep angles
Fore Udder Length	107	short					long
Rear Udder Length	102	short					long
Att.of Fore Udder	96	loose					tight
Suspensory Ligament	121	weak					strong
Udder Height	98	deep					high
Teat Length	96	short					long
Teat Thickness	99	thin					thick
Teat placement (front)	110	wide					close
Teat placement (rear)	114	outwards					inwards
Teat direction (rear)	109	outwards					inwards
Udder Purity	98	add. teats					no add. teats



MEERHOF Pp* HB-Nr. 173293 | DE 09 51465128 | *14.03.2016 Breeder: Wimmer, Triftern aAa-Code 516342 | BC: A2A2 | KC: AA



Service of the Co.	1	The party of			AND ASSESSED.	
		S		Α		R
TYP: ◀						
PEDIGR	REE					LINE: Metz
MAHAN	IGO P	p*	MUN	GO Pp		MANITOBA
DE 09 48097266			Falter			ROUND UP
						Falter
Emila	85	-81-86-88	VANS	STEIN		RANDY
DE 09 4	63870	07				
8/5,8	8.725	4,20 3,63	Eitel			MALFIR
HL: 2017	10.207	4,14 3,71	1/305	7.338 4,	45 3,71	Elkona
TIV 116 9		M 114		BI 114 98	3%	FIT 96 95%

K	
ROSE	PP*

●VITAL CALF ●BEEF VALUE

HB-Nr. 874460 | DE 09 56003272 | *27.09.2020 Breeder: Stroebel, Seybothenreuth Hered. def. F4C | aAa-Code 465231 | BC: **A2A2** | KC: AB



4	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF							
		S		Α	R			
TYP:					\longrightarrow			
PEDIGRE	E			LINE: Romulus				
ROSENDUFT Pp*			ROYA	L	ROMARIO			
DE 09 53342487			Anette)	INCREDIBLE			
					729			
Ginster I	Pр		VOLL	GAS P*S	VALERO			
DE 09 52	10837	70						
3/2	8.082	4,18 3,95	Gilvie		GEBALOT			
HL: 2	8.621	4,34 3,93	7/7	7.925 4,28 3,	99 Glocke			
TMI M 119 79% 109 8			BI 115 77%	FIT 107 83%				
●INGREDIENTS ●CELLS								

	MILK							
	Г	trs.	HD kg	Milk kg +543	Bu +0	tterfat % ,02		rotein % 0,02
	1. L	311	8.099	7.171	4,2	.0	3	,43
	BEEF							114 98%
	Daily gain	119 99%	Dress	ing perc.	111 95%	Car	cass grade	106 98%
	FITNESS							96 95%
71010.	Productive life Udder health Calving ease pat. Calving ease mat. Milking behaviour		Seme	,	100 98% 95 97% 103 97% +1% 88 89%	Mil	tility king speed f vitality	92 92% 101 97% 103 97% 112 97%
	TYPE TRAITS DA	AUGHTERS:	105 (95%)	76 88	100	112 1	24 136	
	Body	106						

TYPE TRAITS DAUG	GHTE	RS: 105 (95%)	76	88	100	112	124	136
Body	106							
Muscularity	113							
Feet & Legs	96							
Udder	102							
Cross Height	103	small						large
Body Length	112	short						long
Hip Width	107	narrow						wide
Body Depth	110	shallow						deep
Pelvic Angle	102	ascending						slope
Hock Angularity	111	straight						sickled
Hock Development	94	swollen						dry
Pastern	94	weak						strong
Hoof Height	108	low angles						steep angles
Fore Udder Length	105	short						long
Rear Udder Length	96	short						long
Att.of Fore Udder	104	loose						tight
Suspensory Ligament	89	weak						strong
Udder Height	105	deep						high
Teat Length	93	short						long
Teat Thickness	105	thin						thick
Teat placement (front)	90	wide						close
Teat placement (rear)	93	outwards						inwards
Teat direction (rear)	98	outwards						inwards
Udder Purity	105	add. teats						no add. teats

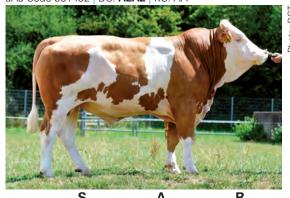
MILK					
	Dtrs.	HD kg	Milk kg +94	Butterfat % +0,09	Protein % +0,14

BEEF					115 77%
Daily gain	115 78%	Dressing perc.	114 78%	Carcass grade	108 75%
FITNESS					107 83%
Productive life Udder health Calving ease pat. Calving ease mat. Milking behaviour	108 72% 113 83% 108 99% 98 86% 105 63%	Persistency Cell count Prod. increase Semen fertility Hoof Health Value	100 79% 114 79% 107 77% +0% 100 71%	Fertility Milking speed Calf vitality BIO	94 72% 98 85% 110 95% 118 85%

TYPE TRAITS DAUG	GHTE	RS: 0 (83%)	76	88	100	112	124	136
Body	98							
Muscularity	104							
Feet & Legs	102							
Udder	110							
Cross Height	99	small						large
Body Length	100	short						long
Hip Width	96	narrow						wide
Body Depth	95	shallow						deep
Pelvic Angle	101	ascending						slope
Hock Angularity	104	straight						sickled
Hock Development	109	swollen						dry
Pastern	101	weak						strong
Hoof Height	98	low angles						steep angles
Fore Udder Length	109	short						long
Rear Udder Length	107	short						long
Att.of Fore Udder	100	loose						tight
Suspensory Ligament	104	weak						strong
Udder Height	105	deep						high
Teat Length	91	short						long
Teat Thickness	97	thin						thick
Teat placement (front)	108	wide						close
Teat placement (rear)	98	outwards						inwards
Teat direction (rear)	101	outwards						inwards
Udder Purity	95	add. teats						no add. teats

SAGE

HB-Nr. 867306 | DE 09 56549516 | *22.09.2021 Breeder: Daberger, Frauenneuharting aAa-Code 561432 | BC: **A2A2** | KC: AA



	3		A		n (
TYP:					
PEDIGREE					LINE: Streik
SIDO		SYSTE	ΕM		SALDANA
DE 09 550739	Lexi			ETOSCHA	
					Livita
Florentina 82	-82-84-86	ERBH	OF		EILMON
DE 09 5283583	38				
3/2 11.550	3,71 3,44	969			ZAUBER
HL: 2 13.554	3,64 3,45	3/3	9.626 4,	15 3,70	850
TMI	M		BI		FIT

118 88% **121** 76%

TYP
Scharf-

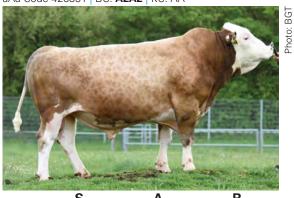
120 83%

VULPI PP*

137 79%

HB-Nr. 866037 | DE 09 54418458 | *25.02.2019 Breeder: Poschinger, Neumarkt St. Veit aAa-Code 426351 | BC: **A2A2** | KC: AA

OUTCROSS OFLAT LACTATION CURVE



			Total TV	
	S		Α	R
TYP:				\rightarrow
PEDIGREE				LINE: Redad
VERDEN P*S		VERM	IEER	REUMUT
DE 09 517850	87	Free		IROLA PS
				Franzis
644		MAH	ANGO Pp*	MUNGO Pp
DE 09 523800	66			
4/305 8.792	4,27 3,62	598		VETERAN
HL: 2. 9.443	4,25 3,63	4/3,8	9.831 4,05 3,47	479
TMI 111 94%	M 111		BI 100 98%	FIT 101 92%
TTT 94%	111	99%	100 98%	10T 92%

•ALLROUNDSIRE •TOP FEET AND LEGS

MILK						
	Dtrs.	HD kg	Milk kg +838	Butterfat % -0,08	Protein % -0,06	

BEEF					121 76%
Daily gain	115 77%	Dressing perc.	116 76%	Carcass grade	116 76%
FITNESS					120 83%
Productive life Udder health Calving ease pat. Calving ease mat. Milking behaviour	120 73% 110 85% 102 88% 105 77% 100 67%	Persistency Cell count Prod. increase Semen fertility Hoof Health Value	116 81% 109 81% 116 75% 89 73%	Fertility Milking speed Calf vitality BIO	113 73% 107 86% 99 74% 137 84%

TYPE TRAITS DAUG	GHTE	RS: 0 (85%)	76	8	8 1	00	112	124	136
Body	104								
Muscularity	113								
Feet & Legs	103								
Udder	112								
Cross Height	102	small							large
Body Length	103	short							long
Hip Width	102	narrow							wide
Body Depth	104	shallow							deep
Pelvic Angle	97	ascending							slope
Hock Angularity	93	straight							sickled
Hock Development	87	swollen							dry
Pastern	103	weak							strong
Hoof Height	101	low angles							steep angles
Fore Udder Length	94	short							long
Rear Udder Length	92	short							long
Att.of Fore Udder	108	loose							tight
Suspensory Ligament	97	weak							strong
Udder Height	113	deep							high
Teat Length	97	short							long
Teat Thickness	106	thin							thick
Teat placement (front)	105	wide							close
Teat placement (rear)	94	outwards							inwards
Teat direction (rear)	103	outwards							inwards
Udder Purity	98	add. teats							no add. teats

MILK						
	Dtrs.	HD kg	Milk kg +145	Butterfat % +0.24	Protein % +0.04	
1. L	44	8.918	7.369	4,31	3,57	

BEEF					100 98%
Daily gain	100 99%	Dressing perc.	101 96%	Carcass grade	98 99%
FITNESS					101 92%
Productive life Udder health Calving ease pat. Calving ease mat. Milking behaviour	110 83% 94 96% 99 99% 104 96% 93 82%	Persistency Cell count Prod. increase Semen fertility Hoof Health Value	102 98% 93 97% 108 79% +1% 97 85%	Fertility Milking speed Calf vitality BIO	104 86% 114 97% 90 97% 113 95%

TYPE TRAITS DAUG	SHTE	RS: 154 (93%)	76	B8 100	112	124	136
Body	101						
Muscularity	98						
Feet & Legs	113						
Udder	108						
Cross Height	102	small					large
Body Length	104	short					long
Hip Width	102	narrow					wide
Body Depth	95	shallow					deep
Pelvic Angle	101	ascending					slope
Hock Angularity	98	straight					sickled
Hock Development	111	swollen					dry
Pastern	113	weak					strong
Hoof Height	107	low angles					steep angles
Fore Udder Length	111	short					long
Rear Udder Length	94	short					long
Att.of Fore Udder	116	loose					tight
Suspensory Ligament	71	weak					strong
Udder Height	118	deep					high
Teat Length	113	short					long
Teat Thickness	110	thin					thick
Teat placement (front)	94	wide					close
Teat placement (rear)	100	outwards					inwards
Teat direction (rear)	107	outwards					inwards
Udder Purity	107	add. teats					no add. teats



HB-Nr. 173523 | DE 09 52709042 | *12.11.2017 Breeder: Gschoederer, Simbach/Inn BC: **A2A2** | KC: AB



	S		Α		R
TYP:					\longrightarrow
PEDIGREE					LINE: Horex
WALFRIED		WAL			WAXIN
AT 52 0368 9	18	Flora			MALEFIZ
					Florida
Berni 8	5-83-84-81	BRAN	IDY		BOREAS
DE 09 497184	101				
5/4 9.218	3 4,33 3,90	Birnba	ic		NARR
HL: 4 10.384	4,40 3,93	4/4	8.185 4	,26 3,61	Bini

I IVII	IVII	DI	TI I
130 88%	111 96%	109 90%	123 88%

●INTERESTING MOTHERLINE ●TOP EXTERIOR

MILK Milk kg Dtrs. HD kg Butterfat % Protein % +383 7.294 +0,02 +0,01 1. L 49 8288 4,29 3,57 BEEF **109** 90% **111** 90% **102** 93% **106** 82% Daily gain Dressing perc. Carcass grade **FITNESS 123** 88% **120** 79% Productive life **115** 77% Persistency **115** 93% Fertility **111** 91% **108** 90% **96** 92% Udder health Cell count Milking speed Calving ease pat. 113 97% Prod. increase **111** 90% Calf vitality **105** 84% Calving ease mat. 110 86% Milking behaviour 91 71% Semen fertility +2% BIO **132** 91%

Hoof Health Value 102 75%

TYPE TRAITS DAUG	GHTE	RS: 45 (91%)	76	88	100	112	124	136
Body	106							
Muscularity	117							
Feet & Legs	109							
Udder	111							
Cross Height	105	small						large
Body Length	107	short						long
Hip Width	101	narrow						wide
Body Depth	109	shallow						deep
Pelvic Angle	107	ascending						slope
Hock Angularity	87	straight						sickled
Hock Development	88	swollen						dry
Pastern	110	weak						strong
Hoof Height	108	low angles						steep angles
Fore Udder Length	100	short						long
Rear Udder Length	107	short						long
Att.of Fore Udder	97	loose						tight
Suspensory Ligament	110	weak						strong
Udder Height	104	deep						high
Teat Length	93	short						long
Teat Thickness	89	thin						thick
Teat placement (front)	109	wide						close
Teat placement (rear)	115	outwards						inwards
Teat direction (rear)	107	outwards						inwards
Udder Purity	104	add. teats						no add. teats

WILLENSKRAFT

HB-Nr. 854954 | AT 10 9727 274 | *17.05.2020 Breeder: Danninger, Lichtenberg

BC: **A2A2** | KC: **BB**



Müller

The said	200	12 July 1	T WA	The same of		
		S		Α		R
TYP: ◀	\leftarrow					\longrightarrow
PEDIGR	REE					LINE: Horex
WEISSE	NSEE		WABA	ΛN		WILLE
AT 36 4	261 16	8	Luxa			VULCANO
						Locki
Melone			HERZ	SCHLAG		HUTERA
AT 86 1	195 72	9				
2/305	10.566	5,04 3,77	Melbe	erg		RUMGO
HL: 1.	9.077	5,06 3,75	6/303	9.245 4,8	35 3,41	Melli
TN 131 8		M 125		BI 100 86	%	FIT 111 85%

●SUITABLE FOR HEIFERS ●MILKING SPEED

MILK						
	Dtrs.	HD kg	Milk kg +1124	Butterfat % -0,15	Protein % -0,05	

BEEF					100 86%
Daily gain	105 87%	Dressing perc.	96 83%	Carcass grade	103 84%
FITNESS					111 85%
Productive life Udder health Calving ease pat. Calving ease mat. Milking behaviour	114 76% 123 86% 110 99% 110 86% 104 70%	Persistency Cell count Prod. increase Semen fertility Hoof Health Value	99 81% 123 82% 101 80% -1% 97 77%	Fertility Milking speed Calf vitality BIO	93 76% 119 88% 102 94% 124 88%

TYPE TRAITS DAUG	GHTE	RS: (85%)	76 8	38	00	112	124	136
Body	96							
Muscularity	100							
Feet & Legs	101							
Udder	114							
Cross Height	96	small						large
Body Length	100	short						long
Hip Width	95	narrow						wide
Body Depth	97	shallow						deep
Pelvic Angle	106	ascending						slope
Hock Angularity	112	straight						sickled
Hock Development	112	swollen						dry
Pastern	93	weak						strong
Hoof Height	100	low angles						steep angles
Fore Udder Length	101	short						long
Rear Udder Length	105	short						long
Att.of Fore Udder	116	loose						tight
Suspensory Ligament	101	weak						strong
Udder Height	108	deep						high
Teat Length	92	short						long
Teat Thickness	94	thin						thick
Teat placement (front)	99	wide						close
Teat placement (rear)	97	outwards						inwards
Teat direction (rear)	101	outwards						inwards
Udder Purity	102	add. teats						no add. teats

HB-Nr. 866084 | DE 09 55294299 | *17.04.2020 Breeder: Brandstetter, Polling aAa-Code 435261 | BC: **A2A2** | KC: AB | ET



		AMERICA POR		
	S		Α	R
TYP:				
PEDIGREE				LINE: Metz
MANAUS		MIAM	[MINT
DE 06 671622	19	Evelis		POLAROID
				Esmeralda
Bryena		ERBH	OF	EILMON
DE 09 536431	69			
3/300 7.824	4,18 3,80	Bille		MAHANGO
HL: 2. 7.824	4,18 3,80	3/2,5	7.893 3,93 3,63	Brigite
TMI	M		BI	FIT
127 82%	115	88%	116 90%	116 85%

¥	TYP
VIDI Pp*	Robust
VIDI PD"	

● PERFECT DUAL PURPOSE ● MILKING SPEED

HB-Nr. 173678 | DE 09 53973291 | *24.10.2018 Breeder: Draxinger, Waldkirchen aAa-Code 651423 | BC: A1A2 | KC: AB | ET



A SAME TO PARTY						
	S		Α			R
TYP:						
PEDIGREE						LINE: Redac
VOTARY P*S		RUHI	MREI	CH PS	ò	RUSTICO
DE 09 468945	85	Grana	ada			RUMGO
						Goldma
Wiranga 85	-83-87-84	MAH	ANG	O Pp*	+	MUNGO Pp
DE 09 512374	61					
3/3 10.775	4,30 3,87	Wiral	la			WINRAL
HL: 3 11.921	4,26 3,82	5/2	6.	982 4,8	9 3,76	Willa
				D.		
TMI 125 98%	111 :		10	BI 00 999	%	FIT 118 98%

• EASY HANDLING COW • STRONG MUSCULARITY

MILK					
	Dtrs.	HD kg	Milk kg +640	Butterfat % -0,10	Protein % -0,01

BEEF					116 90%
Daily gain	113 92%	Dressing perc.	110 86%	Carcass grade	113 89%
FITNESS					116 85%
Productive life Udder health Calving ease pat. Calving ease mat. Milking behaviour	107 75% 114 85% 94 99% 100 86% 101 68%	Persistency Cell count Prod. increase Semen fertility Hoof Health Value	112 81% 116 81% 106 78% +0% 84 77%	Fertility Milking speed Calf vitality BIO	114 76% 104 86% 96 94% 123 87%

TYPE TRAITS DAUG	GHTE	RS: 1 (85%)	76	88	100	112	124	136
Body	110							
Muscularity	110							
Feet & Legs	106							
Udder	105							
Cross Height	114	small						large
Body Length	103	short						long
Hip Width	105	narrow						wide
Body Depth	103	shallow						deep
Pelvic Angle	119	ascending						slope
Hock Angularity	96	straight						sickled
Hock Development	95	swollen						dry
Pastern	111	weak						strong
Hoof Height	104	low angles						steep angles
Fore Udder Length	100	short						long
Rear Udder Length	101	short						long
Att.of Fore Udder	97	loose						tight
Suspensory Ligament	107	weak						strong
Udder Height	108	deep						high
Teat Length	100	short						long
Teat Thickness	105	thin						thick
Teat placement (front)	98	wide						close
Teat placement (rear)	103	outwards						inwards
Teat direction (rear)	96	outwards						inwards
Udder Purity	99	add. teats						no add. teats

MILK					
	Dtrs.	HD kg	Milk kg +431	Butterfat % +0.01	Protein % -0.02
1. L	684	8754	7.499	4,23	3,53

BEEF					100 99%
Daily gain	109 99%	Dressing perc.	93 98%	Carcass grade	102 99%
FITNESS					118 98%
Productive life	108 95%	Persistency	110 99%	Fertility	114 97%
Udder health	117 99%	Cell count	119 99%	Milking speed	95 99%
Calving ease pat.	105 99%	Prod. increase	104 94%	Calf vitality	105 99%
Calving ease mat.	112 99%	Semen fertility	+0%	BIO	123 98%
Milking behaviour	103 93%	Hoof Health Value	76 96%		

TYPE TRAITS DAU	GHTE	RS: 500 (98%)	76 8	8 100	112	124	136
Body Muscularity Feet & Legs	120 126 107						
Udder	110						
Cross Height	118	small					large
Body Length	121	short					long
Hip Width	117	narrow					wide
Body Depth	123	shallow					deep
Pelvic Angle	122	ascending					slope
Hock Angularity	98	straight					sickled
Hock Development	90	swollen					dry
Pastern	110	weak					strong
Hoof Height	108	low angles					steep angles
Fore Udder Length	108	short					long
Rear Udder Length	112	short					long
Att.of Fore Udder	105	loose					tight
Suspensory Ligament	92	weak					strong
Udder Height	102	deep					high
Teat Length	101	short					long
Teat Thickness	91	thin					thick
Teat placement (front)	114	wide					close
Teat placement (rear)	106	outwards					inwards
Teat direction (rear)	102	outwards					inwards
Udder Purity	97	add. teats					no add. teats



Bavarian Fleckvieh Genetics worldwide

Bayern-Genetik GmbH

BAYERN-GENETIK GMBH

Senator-Gerauer-Straße 19

85586 Grub / Poing

phone: +49 (0) 89 / 99 15 20 - 0 fax: +49 (0) 89 / 99 15 20 - 66 eMail: export@bayern-genetik.de web: www.bayern-genetik.com

CZECH REPUBLIC

Impuls

Chovatelské Družstvo

Bohdalec 122, 59255 Bobrová phone: +42 06 04 21 64 57 eMail: info@chdimpuls.cz

BENELUX/DENMARK

Bayern-Genetik Benelux

phone/fax: +31 (0) 5 44 48 23 06 mobile: +31 (0) 6 51 49 00 52 eMail: christiaan@bayerngenetik.nl

arend@bayerngenetik.nl web: www.bayerngenetik.nl

ITALY

Dr. Martino Ermacora Via San Pietro 15

33013 Gemona del Friuli (UD) mobile: +39 32 76 30 97 06

eMail: martino.ermacora@bayern-genetik.de

web: bayern-genetik.it

CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA

Dr. Martin Mayer

phone: +43 664 224 7937

eMail: martin.mayer@bayern-genetik.de

AUSTRIA

Rinderzuchtverband Erzeugergemeinschaft

Vöcklabruck Buchbergstr. 12 4844 Regau

phone: +43 (0) 50 6902-4710 fax: +43 (0) 50 6902-94710

eMail: mail@rzv.at

SOUTH TIROL

Südtiroler Rinderzuchtverband

Galvanistraße 38 39100 Bozen

phone: +39 04 71 06 38 30 fax: +39 04 71 06 38 21 eMail: info@rinderzuchtverband.it

CHINA

Senator-Gerauer-Straße 19

85586 Grub / Poing

phone: +49 (0) 89 / 99 15 20 - 0 fax: +49 (0) 89 / 99 15 20 - 66 eMail: grub@bayern-genetik.de

gyt@outlook.de

peter.baumgaertel@bayern-genetik.de

web: www.bayern-genetik.com

EASTERN EUROPE/RUSSIA

Vladimir Varchola Lesnicka 22 08005 Prešov

phone: +42 19 05 30 37 05

eMail: vladimir.varchola@bayern-genetik.de

BALKAN STATES

Dr. Antonio Orak Demetra 20 43000 Bielovar

mobile: +3 85 98 73 33 73

eMail: tony.orak@bayern-genetik.de

SERBIA

Maxi Bulls d.o.o.

phone: +381 25 872 234 eMail: info@maxibulls.net

CROATIA

ReproVet - Veterinarska stanica Krizevci d.o.o.

phone: +385 48 718 692 eMail: info@vskrizevci.hr

SWEDEN

Carlsson Anders

Täckinge Skogsgard 201

30577 Getinge

phone: +46 709701286 eMail: anders@skogsgard.se

UNITED KINGDOM

Cogent Breeding Ltd. Heywood House

Chowley Oak Business Park

Chowley Oak Lane Chester CH3 9GA

phone: +44 (0)1829 773400 eMai: info@cogentuk.com

IRELAND

Eurogene AiService (Ireland) Ltd.

Carrigeen Business Park, Cahir, Co Tipperary, Ireland

phone: +353 (0) 5 27 44 29 40

eMail: sales@eurogeneaiservices.com

MEXICO

CRI Reproducción Animal México, S.A. de C.

Colonia Roma Sur Chilpancingo 158

06760 Delegación Cuauhtemoc, Cd. México

phone: +55 5362 1400

eMail: Crimexico@reproducíanimal.com.mx

EAST AFRICA (KENIA)

Timeless Genetics East Africa Ltd.

c/o Dr. A. Gichohi

P.O. Box 19055 - 00501

Nairobi, Kenia

Oil Libya Plaza Muthaiga Road phone: +254 712 095 555

eMail: info@fleckviehgeneticsea.com web: www.fleckviehgeneticsea.com

CANADA/USA

Big Bear Genetics

Dr. John Popp

P.O. Box 94, Erickson, Manitoba

ROJ OPO

phone: +1- 2 04 - 6 36 - 23 87 fax: +1- 2 04 - 6 36 - 77 05 eMail: bigbeargenetics@inetlink.ca

NEW ZEALAND

Willy & Jeanet Leferink

7 Waterton Point

RD 4 Ashburton

New Zealand 7774

phone: +64 3 3026891 fax: +64 21796037 eMail: legro@orcon.net.nz

leferinks@gmail.com

SOUTH AFRICA

Thys Swart

Kykso Simmentalers

Posbus 131, Suurbraak 6743
phone: +27 (0) 2 85 14 15 27
mobile: +27 (0) 8 24 98 87 88
eMail: mjswart@worldonline.co.za

UGANDA

The Great African Fleckvieh Ltd Plot 18, Wampewo Avenue P.O. Box 1444 Kololo

Kampala

phone: +43 664 2207923

eMai: muehlbauer.andy@freenet.de

Tephy Mujurizi - TEMUPE Farm (U) Ltd.

Plot 166A, Katabi Stage

P.O.Box 926 Entebbe, Uganda phone: +256 414 234643

eMail: temupefarm@gmail.com

NAMIBIA

Hauk Simmentaler Horst and Renate Riedel

phone: +26 4 62 56 88 53 eMail: riedelhw@iway.na

AUSTRALIA

George Cassar

Karova Simmentals

20 Riverview Rd, Caffreys Flat NSW 2424

phone: + 61- 2 - 65 50 76 61 eMail: ozfleckvieh@yahoo.com.au

TÜRKIYE

EFEGEN GENETIK

Nisantasi Mah. Seraser Sok. 42060 Selcuklu/Konya

eMail: efegengenetik@gmail.com

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Hannover Hall 11 Booth F20

next to the TopTierTreff

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 - Polled genetic
 - and a lot more

